The Honorable Ricardo S. Martinez 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 8 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE 9 RICHARD LEHMAN, on behalf of himself and) 10 others similarly situated, No. 2:13-cv-01835 11 Plaintiffs, FIRST AMENDED ERISA 12 COMPLAINT—CLASS ACTION v. 13 WARNER NELSON; WILLIAM BECK, JR., BRIAN BISH, KLAAS A. DeBOER: 14 MICHAEL G. MARSH; ROCKY SHARP; RICHARD BAMBERGER; DENNIS CALLIES, 15 CLIF DAVIS, TIM DONOVAN; HARRY THOMPSON; GARY YOUNGHANS; CLINT 16 BRYSON; MICHAEL CHURCH; MICHAEL DOYLE; GREG ELDER; GLEN FRANZ; 17 GARY GONZALES; CARL D. HANSON; PATRICK POWELL; GARY PRICE; SCOTT 18 STEPHENS; ROGER TOBIN; and GRANT ZADOW, in their capacity as Trustees of the 19 IBEW Pacific Coast Pension Plan. 20 Defendants. 21 Plaintiff, by his undersigned attorney, on his behalf and behalf of the class file the 22 following complaint against Defendants and allege as follows: 23 I. INTRODUCTION 24 1.1 Nature of Action. Richard Lehman, on behalf of himself and all others similarly 25 situated, collectively "Plaintiff," brings this action against the Defendants to recover reciprocity 26 contributions improperly withheld by the Defendants, and the earnings thereon. Alternatively, 27 FIRST AMENDED ERISA COMPLAINT-CLASS ACTION Davis Wright Tremaine LLP LAW OFFICES 2:13-cv-01835-1Suite 2200 DWT 24047929v2 0098279-000001 1201 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98101-3045

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Plaintiff seeks an accrued benefit based on such contributions. Plaintiff brings his action to 1 recover all losses due to Defendants' breach of the Plan terms and breach of fiduciary duty. 2 3 Plaintiff also seeks to enjoin Defendants from taking actions that are prohibited by the Plan and by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"). Plaintiff seeks 4 equitable relief and damages for reciprocity contributions improperly withheld. 5 6 JURISDICTION AND VENUE II. 2.1 <u>Subject Matter Jurisdiction</u>. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction pursuant to 29 7 8 U.S.C. § 1132(e)(1). The claims described herein are brought as a class action under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. 9 2.2 Venue. Venue is proper in the Western District of Washington pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 10 1132(e)(2) as the breach took place in Washington State and one or more of the Defendants reside 11 in Washington State. 12 13 2.3 Personal Jurisdiction. This Court, pursuant to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA") has personal jurisdiction over the Defendants. 14 2.4 Governing Law. The claims in this class action complaint are authorized by 29 U.S.C. 15 Sections 1132(a)(1)(B), 1132(a)(2) and 1132(a)(3). 16 17 III. **PARTIES** 3.1 Plaintiff. Plaintiff Richard Lehman has worked in the jurisdiction of the IBEW Pacific 18 Coast Pension Plan ("the Plan"). Plaintiff met the requirements to participate in the Plan, had 19 contributions made on his behalf to the Plan, is a Participant under Section 1.15 of the Plan and is 20 21 also a participant within the meaning of Section 3(7) and ERISA, 29 U.S.C. Section 1002(7), as he is entitled to have withheld contributions transferred by the Plan or he is entitled to an accrued 22 benefit based on the contributions withheld. 23 3.2 Defendants. Warner Nelson, William Beck, Jr., Brian Bish, Klaas DeBoer, Michael 24 G. Marsh, Rocky Sharp, Richard Bamberger, Dennis Callies, Clif Davis, Tim Donovan, Harry 25 26 Thompson, Gary Younghans, Clint Bryson, Michael Church, Michael Doyle, Greg Elder, Glen Franz, Gary Gonzales, Carl D. Hanson, Patrick Powell, Gary Price, Scott Stephens, Roger Tobin, 27 FIRST AMENDED ERISA COMPLAINT-CLASS ACTION Davis Wright Tremaine LLP

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and Grant Zadow are or were Trustees of the Plan, an ERISA multiemployer plan. As Trustees they are ERISA fiduciaries.

IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 4.1 Mr. Lehman has worked as an electrician subject to collective bargaining agreements for a number of years. His work often requires him to travel. His home pension plan is the Puget Sound Electrical Workers Pension Trust ("the Home fund").
- 4.2 When Mr. Lehman works outside the jurisdiction of his Home fund, he requests that any contributions received be transferred to his Home fund. Such transfers are made pursuant to the reciprocity provisions of the plans and pursuant to the Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement.
- 4.3 Mr. Lehman has worked in the jurisdiction of the IBEW Pacific Coast Pension Fund. When he has worked in the jurisdiction of the IBEW Pacific Coast Pension Fund he has requested that his contributions be transferred, pursuant to the Plan's reciprocity provisions, to his Home Fund.
- 4.4 Rather than transferring the entire dollar amount of the contribution made on his behalf, the Plan has improperly withheld \$1.00 for each hour that he worked within the jurisdiction of the Plan.
- 4.5 The Plan has also improperly refused to pay any benefit to Plaintiff based on the \$1.00 per hour contribution withheld.
- 4.6 The Plan has been unjustly enriched by improperly keeping the contributions, and the earnings thereon, which were improperly withheld.
- 4.7 The Plan has subjected both money transferring out of the jurisdiction of the Plan as well as money transferring into the Plan to a contribution funding penalty. As such, the Trustees have improperly subjected reciprocity participant contributions to dual penalties.
- 4.8 Legal counsel for the Reciprocity Administrator has informed the Trustees that their failure to transfer all contributions to the Home fund was in violation of the Electrical Industry

Pension Reciprocal Agreement. Nevertheless, the Trustees have improperly continued to withhold contributions after having been informed that such withholding was improper.

- 4.9 The withholding of contributions without the accrual of benefits violates Section 305 of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. Section 1085. Under Section 305 of ERISA, the schedule of benefits in a rehabilitation plan cannot eliminate all future accruals. Pursuant to Section 305 of ERISA, the Plan must accrue a minimum benefit equal to 1 percent of the contributions withheld by the Plan.
- 4.10 The Trustees' change to the accrual rates and the elimination of accruals on reciprocity contributions also violates the accrual rules of Section 204(b) of ERISA, 29 U.S.C. Section 1054(b).
- 4.11 The Trustees' withholding of \$1.00 per hour of reciprocity funds violates the Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement, as well as the Plan provisions.
- 4.12 The Trustees violated their fiduciary duty by interpreting the Plan in a manner prohibited by the Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement and by ERISA. The Trustees violated their fiduciary duty by adopting Rehabilitation provisions that violated Plan provisions, ERISA, and the National Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement. Pursuant to Article 5 of the Plan, transfers must conform with the National Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement.
- 4.13 The Trustees have violated the Plan document by withholding \$1.00 per hour on reciprocity transfer funds. The provisions of Section 3.03(b) of the Plan impose a \$1.00 funding on reciprocity transfers received by the Plan. The Trustees' application of this Section to transfers out of the Plan is inconsistent with Article 5 of the Plan, which adopts the National Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement. As such, the Trustees' interpretation violates the Plan document and ERISA.
- 4.14 Article 16 of the Plan does not authorize the withholding of \$1.00 per hour if the contribution rate is \$3.00 or more. The Trustees wrongfully withheld \$1.00 on contribution rates of 3.00 or more.

- 4.15 The Rehabilitation period for the Plan began on August 1, 2009. The application of the \$1.00 funding withholding on Reciprocity transfers prior to the effective date of the Rehabilitation period violates Sections 305 and 204 of ERISA.
- 4.16 In May of 2013, Mr. Lehman wrote the Plan and requested a return of any reciprocity contributions withheld, plus earnings thereon. The Plan did not respond to the claim or inform Mr. Lehman of his appeal rights. Pursuant to the Plan and ERISA, if a claim is ignored the claimant may file suit in federal court. Such a suit is to be heard *de novo* by this Court, with no deference to the Trustees.

V. CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

5.1 <u>Class Definition</u>. Pursuant to Rule 23(b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this case as a class action on behalf of the Plan (for purposes of the second claim for relief) and on behalf of the following class of persons similarly situated ("Class"):

All current and former employees or participants that were subject to the jurisdiction of the Plan and who requested that all contributions made on their behalf to the Plan be transferred to their Home Fund and, with respect to contributions made on or after July 1, 2008, had amounts withheld from such contributions by the Plan prior to transferring such amounts to a reciprocal Plan.

- 5.2 <u>Numerosity</u>. Based on the Plan's 5500 filings, there are over 3,000 participants in the Plan and over 250 contributing employers. All of these participants could have funds transferred into the Plan or out of the Plan subject to a penalty. The members of the Class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical. Moreover, the disposition of the claims of the Class in a single action will provide substantial benefits to all parties and the Court.
- 5.3 <u>Commonality</u>. The claims of Plaintiff and all Class members originate from Defendants' uniform wrongful conduct, breaches of fiduciary duties, and violations of ERISA. Furthermore, common questions of law and fact exist as to all members of the Class and predominate over any questions solely affecting individual members of the Class. The many questions of law and fact common to the Class include:

FIRST AMENDED ERISA COMPLAINT-CLASS ACTION 2:13-cv-01835 -5 DWT 24047929v2 0098279-000001

- a. Whether Defendants have violated Section 305 of ERISA;
- b. Whether Defendants have violated Section 204 of ERISA;
- c. Whether Defendants have violated the Plan document;
- d. Whether Defendants have violated the Electrical Industry Pension Reciprocal Agreement, as adopted by the Plan;
- e. Whether Defendants breached their fiduciary duties under ERISA;
- f. Whether Defendants' acts and omissions proximately caused losses to Plaintiff and Class Members; and
- g. Whether Plaintiff is entitled to equitable relief to enjoin prohibited actions, reform the Plan, or to prevent unjust enrichment.
- 5.4 <u>Typicality</u>. The claims of the representative Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Class. Plaintiff's claims, like the claims of the Class, arise out of the same common course of conduct by Defendants and are based on the same legal and remedial theories.
- 5.5 Adequacy. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class. Plaintiff has retained competent and capable attorneys who are experienced trial lawyers with significant experience in complex and class action litigation. Plaintiff and his counsel are committed to prosecuting this action vigorously on behalf of the Class and have the financial resources to do so. Neither Plaintiff nor his counsel has interests that are contrary to or that conflict with those of the proposed Class.
- 5.6 <u>Predominance</u>. Defendants have engaged in a common course of conduct toward Plaintiff and members of the Class. The common issues arising from this conduct that affect Plaintiff and members of the Class predominate over any individual issues. Adjudication of these common issues in a single action has important and desirable advantages of judicial economy, and class action treatment is superior to the other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy.
- 5.7 <u>Superiority</u>. Plaintiff and Class members have suffered and will continue to suffer harm and damages as a result of Defendants' unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, however, most Class members likely would find the cost of litigating their claims prohibitive. Class treatment is superior to multiple individual suits or piecemeal litigation because

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it conserves judicial resources, promotes consistency and efficiency of adjudication, provides a forum for small claimants, and deters illegal activities. Plaintiffs and their counsel are unaware of any litigation that has already commenced concerning Defendants' actions. There will be no significant difficulty in the management of this case as a class action. The Class members are readily identifiable from Defendants' records. The Plaintiff, other class members, and at least one Defendant reside within the Western District of Washington, and the Defendants' wrongful conduct occurred in Washington state.

5.8 Appropriateness of Injunctive and Declaratory Relief. Defendants have acted on grounds generally applicable to the Class, thereby making final injunctive relief or corresponding declaratory relief appropriate with respect to the Class as a whole. Furthermore, the prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the Class that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Defendants.

VI. FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- 6.1 Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.
- 6.2 Plaintiff seeks relief under 1132(a)(1)(B), on behalf of himself and the Plan, to recover contributions due him under the Plan; to enforce his rights to either a benefit accrual or reciprocity transfer pursuant to the terms of the Plan; and to clarify his rights with respect to future reciprocity contributions or accruals under the terms of the Plan and reciprocity agreement referenced therein.

VII. SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- 7.1 Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.
- 7.2 Plaintiff seeks relief under 1132(a)(2), on behalf the Plan, to remedy the fiduciary breaches of Defendants relating to: violation of the statutory provisions of ERISA Sections 204 and 305; improperly interpreting or amending the Plan; violating reciprocity agreements; and violating the Plan document and the other instruments governing the Plan.

VIII. THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

- 8.1 Plaintiff realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in the preceding paragraphs.
- 8.2 Plaintiff seeks relief under 1132(a)(3), on behalf of himself and the Plan, to enjoin the acts of the Defendants in improperly administering the Plan; to redress the statutory violations of ERISA Sections 204 and 305; to revoke any improper amendment and reinstate the lawful provisions of the Plan; to reform the Plan document; and to remedy any unjust enrichment.

IX. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff on behalf of himself, the Plan and the Class, pray for judgment against Defendants as follows:

- A. Certification of the proposed Class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(1) or (b)(2), or in the alternative (b)(3), of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure;
 - B. Appoint the undersigned counsel as Class counsel;
 - C. Appoint Richard Lehman as Class representative;
- D. Declare that Defendants are financially responsible for notifying Class members of their wrongful conduct.
 - E. Declare that Defendants breached the Plan and/or instruments governing the Plan;
 - F. Declare that Defendants breached their fiduciary duties;
 - G. Enjoin Defendants from engaging in wrongful conduct or actions;
- H. Award Class members their contributions wrongfully withheld and the earnings thereon, or alternatively award a minimum accrual based on such contributions;
 - I. Reform the Plan documents;
- J. Declare that contributions wrongfully withheld plus the earnings thereon should be transferred to members' Home Trust;
- K. Award attorney fees pursuant to either a common fund or pursuant to ERISA 502(g), 29 U.S.C. 1132(g), or both.
 - L. Grant such other relief as the Court deems necessary, just and proper.

Case 2:13-cv-01835-RSM Document 38 Filed 05/12/14 Page 9 of 10

DATED this 12th day of May, 2014. 1 2 Davis Wright Tremaine LLP Attorneys for Richard Lehman and the Class 3 4 By /s/ Richard J. Birmingham 5 Richard J. Birmingham, WSBA #8685 **Suite 2200** 1201 Third Avenue 6 Seattle, WA 98101-3045 7 Telephone: 206-622-3150 Fax: 206-757-7700 8 E-mail: richardbirmingham@dwt.com 9 Davis Wright Tremaine LLP 10 Attorneys for Richard Lehman and the Class 11 12 By /s/ Joseph P. Hoag Joseph P. Hoag, WSBA #41971 13 Suite 2200 1201 Third Avenue 14 Seattle, WA 98101-3045 Telephone: 206-622-3150 15 Fax: 206-757-7700 E-mail: josephhoag@dwt.com 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27

FIRST AMENDED ERISA COMPLAINT-CLASS ACTION 2:13-cv-01835 – 9

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DECLARATION OF SERVICE 1 2 I hereby declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington, that on 3 May 12, 2014, I electronically filed the attached First Amended ERISA Complaint—Class 4 Action with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system which will send notification of such 5 filing to the following: 6 Michael A. Urban, Esq. 7 Nathan R. Ring, Esq. 4270 S. Decatur Blvd., Ste. A-9 8 Las Vegas, NV 89103 9 (702) 968-8087 murban@theurbanlawfirm.com 10 nring@theurbanlawfirm.com 11 DATED this 12th day of May, 2014. 12 13 Davis Wright Tremaine LLP 14 Attorneys for Richard Lehman and the Class 15 16 By /s/ Joseph P. Hoag Joseph P. Hoag, WSBA #41971 17 Suite 2200 1201 Third Avenue 18 Seattle, WA 98101-3045 Telephone: 206-622-3150 19 Fax: 206-757-7700 E-mail: josephhoag@dwt.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27